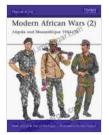
Angola and Mozambique 1961-74: Men at Arms - A Profound Exploration into the Heart of African Conflicts

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The history of Angola and Mozambique in the 20th century was marked by a series of protracted and brutal conflicts known as the Portuguese Colonial Wars. These wars, fought between the Portuguese army and various nationalist movements, lasted from 1961 to 1974. The conflicts had a profound impact on both countries, as well as on the wider region of Southern Africa.

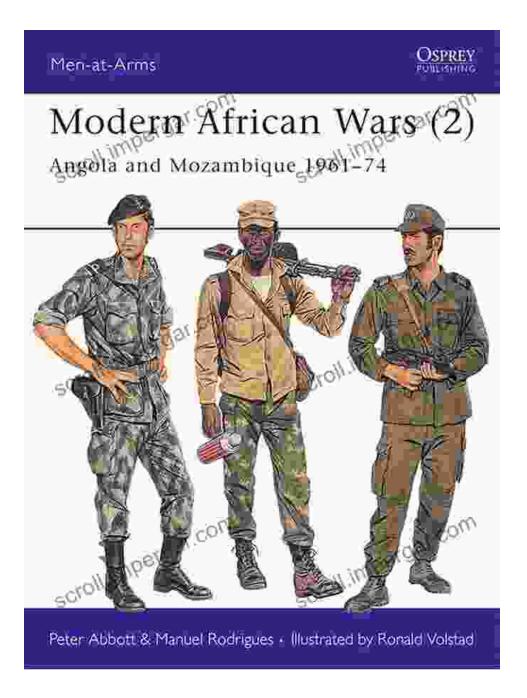


Modern African Wars (2): Angola and Mozambique

1961–74 (Men-at-Arms) by Captivating History

****	4.4 out of 5
Language	: English
File size	: 11299 KB
Text-to-Speech	: Enabled
Screen Reader	: Supported
Enhanced typesetting : Enabled	
Word Wise	: Enabled
Print length	: 112 pages





The Men at Arms:

The Portuguese army that fought in Angola and Mozambique was a formidable force. It was well-trained, well-equipped, and experienced in counterinsurgency warfare. However, the Portuguese army was also facing a determined enemy. The nationalist movements in Angola and Mozambique were fighting for their independence, and they were willing to use whatever means necessary to achieve their goals.

The nationalists used guerrilla warfare to great effect against the Portuguese. They would attack Portuguese positions, then melt away into the countryside. This made it difficult for the Portuguese to find and engage the enemy. The nationalists also had the support of the local population, which provided them with food, shelter, and intelligence.

The Impact of the Wars:

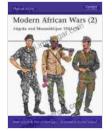
The Portuguese Colonial Wars had a devastating impact on Angola and Mozambique. The wars caused widespread death and destruction, and they displaced millions of people. The wars also had a profound impact on the Portuguese army. The army was stretched to its limits, and it suffered heavy casualties. The wars also led to a decline in morale, and many soldiers began to question the purpose of their mission.

The Portuguese Colonial Wars ended in 1974 with the collapse of the Portuguese dictatorship. Angola and Mozambique gained their independence, and the Portuguese army withdrew from both countries. However, the legacy of the wars continues to this day. The wars left a deep scar on both Angola and Mozambique, and they continue to shape the politics of the region.

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"Angola and Mozambique 1961-74: Men at Arms" is a fascinating and comprehensive look at one of the most important conflicts in African history. The book is packed with insights and information, and it is essential reading for anyone interested in the military history of Africa.

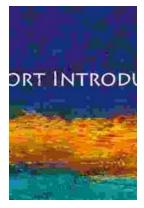
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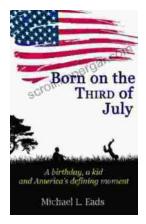
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